

Building internal QA systems: trends, opportunities

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QUALITY CULTURE



Formal quality assurances processes

Tools and processes to define, measure, evaluate, assure, and enhance quality

Communication
Participation
Trust

Quality commitment Cultural element

Individual level: personal commitment to strive for quality

Collective level: individual attitude and awareness add up to culture



Quality culture vs. bureacracy

- Challenge no 1: motivating staff and students
- Ownership
 - Engagement from early on until the follow-up actions
- Sense-making
 - What does it mean for me? What is in it for me?
- Communication
 - Filtering and translating



Three steps for developing a system

Laying the foundation – policy and context

The context influences what kind of internal QA policy and system makes sense

From foundation to framework – structures and responsibilities

- Centralised or decentralised
- Specialised QA staff or additional task for academic staff
- Promote ownership and getting the whole institution on board
- Ensure relevance for institutional community

From framework to action – tools and processes

- Use a mix of several instruments to ensure good intelligence
- Carefully consider what information is required
- Close the feedback loop Invest in formal and informal communication

EUREQA Moments! Top tips for internal quality assurance 2015



Key challenges, yet also success factors?

- Link quality assurance to institutional strategic management
- Generate information valuable for both internal decision-making and external stakeholders
- Ensure the quality of student experience and success
- Link QA and the academic quality of learning and teaching
- Demonstrate that HEIs have in place robust measures to review their study programmes

ESG Part 1: Are universities ready? 2015



Thank you for your attention







